



Even though odor is added, you might not smell propane leaking from a cylinder. For example, if:

The propane odor does not get to your nose.

- The propane odor may be present in an area where there are no people.
- Because propane is heavier than air, it may settle near the ground.
- Airflow may move or disperse the propane odor.



Your ability to notice the odor is reduced.

Reasons may include:

- A cold, allergies, sinus congestion, or other medical condition.
- Tobacco, alcohol, or drug use.
- · Being older.
- · Being asleep.
- "Odor fatigue." This could occur when the propane odor is present for a period of time and your nose "gets tired" and you no longer smell it.
- The presence of other strong odors, such as tobacco smoke, cooking odors, or musty or damp smells, masking propane odor.



Propane has lost its odor.

The odor that is added to propane can sometimes be absorbed by substances such as soil, water, or rust, making it more difficult to smell ("odor loss").



DO NOT REPAIR OR MODIFY

NEVER repair or modify propane cylinders or appliances. Exchange your cylinder or call your propane retailer or qualified professional for service.



DAMAGED OR UNWANTED CYLINDERS

NEVER use a damaged cylinder or one that has been in a fire.



Dispose of damaged or unwanted cylinders properly. Never throw a propane cylinder in the trash. Check to see if there are municipal programs for cylinder disposal in your area, or contact your propane retailer for guidance.





OVERFILL PREVENTION DEVICE (OPD) REQUIRED

Only use cylinders with an Overfill Prevention Device (OPD). An OPD is a safety feature that is required by law. Most cylinders with an OPD have a special triangular handwheel with the letters "OPD" on it.

If your cylinder does not have an OPD or you are not sure, do not use it. Take it to a propane retailer and exchange for a cylinder with an OPD, or purchase a new cylinder.

If You Suspect a Cylinder Leak

Signs of a cylinder leak may include a propane odor, hissing gas, visible cloud of propane, or flames at the cylinder.

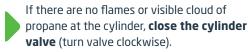
IF THERE ARE SIGNS OF A LEAK:



No smoking, vaping, or open flames.









Leave the area, then call 911 or the fire department.



Before using the cylinder and appliance again, have a qualified professional inspect them.



PROPANE ODOR

A unique odor is added to propane to help alert people to a leak. Make sure everyone in your household knows what propane odor smells like. If you do not know what propane smells like, ask your propane supplier or distributor for additional information. (For exchange cylinders, see cylinder label or exchange cage for contact information.)



Propane Cylinder Safety

KEEP AWAY FROM SOURCES OF IGNITION

(such as smoking/vaping, sparks, flames) while handling or transporting cylinders.



KEEP CYLINDER(S) UPRIGHT

Make sure it will not fall, shift, or roll.



KEEP THE VALVE CLOSED:

- · when the appliance is not in use.
- when not connected to an appliance.



Transporting Cylinders

NEVER TRANSPORT A LEAKING CYLINDER

SECURE CYLINDERS UPRIGHT

Make sure they will not shift or roll. Avoid transporting in passenger area. If possible, secure in:



DO NOT LEAVE CYLINDERS IN YOUR VEHICLE

Drive directly to your destination and immediately remove the cylinders from your vehicle. Do not leave cylinders inside the vehicle or trunk. The pressure relief valve (if the parked vehicle gets too hot) or a leak may release propane, filling the enclosed space with flammable gas.

WAYS TO SECURE A CYLINDER

- Tie-downs/straps
- Propane cylinder stabilizer
- · Cardboard box, milk crate

HOW MUCH PROPANE CAN I TRANSPORT?

U.S. legal limits for closed-bodied vehicles:

- No more than four (4) 20-pound cylinders.
- No cylinders larger than 45-pound capacity.
- No more than 90 pounds total propane weight.

U.S. legal limits for an open cargo bed:

 No more than 1,001 pounds total propane and container weight.

There may also be state or local restrictions — ask your propane retailer for more information.

Storing Cylinders

NEVER USE OR STORE IN AN ENCLOSED AREA

such as a basement, garage, shed, or tent. Even an "empty" cylinder may contain enough propane to be hazardous.



KEEP CYLINDERS OUTSIDE and away from sources of ignition and things that generate heat.

 The cylinder is designed to be kept outside in any weather, even full summer sun.



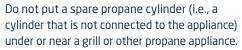
 Additional heat (for example, from a heating appliance or fire) can cause pressure to build up inside the cylinder. If this happens, the pressure relief device might release propane.



 Released or leaking propane can be ignited or collect in an enclosed area.



KEEP SPARE CYLINDERS AWAY FROM PROPANE APPLIANCES





DID YOU KNOW?

Have you ever used a can of compressed air, hairspray, or spray paint and felt the can get cold?

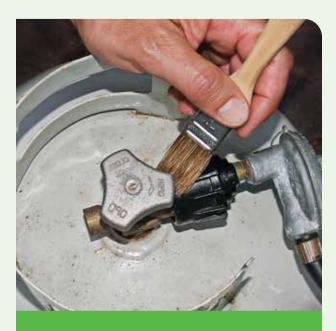
Similarly, propane is stored as a liquid, but changes from liquid to gas as it leaves the cylinder. This causes the remaining propane in the tank to cool. So even as a grill heats up, the cylinder cools down.

This also means that if leaking liquid propane comes into contact with your skin, you can get frostbite.

Testing for Propane Leaks

It is important to inspect for leaks. Do this before the first time you use the propane cylinder and appliance each season, as well as each time you connect a cylinder and appliance. This can be accomplished with a simple "bubble" test (scan QR code below for video):

- Apply leak detector solution or thick soapy water to the entire valve area and point of connection.
- 2 Slowly open the cylinder valve and watch for bubbles.
- If bubbles appear, close the cylinder valve, tighten the connection, and repeat the process. If bubbles still appear, close the cylinder valve and call your propane retailer immediately.



VIDEO AVAILABLE!

Scan QR code with cell phone camera. *propane.com/small-cylinders-safety*





For more information about propane safety

Scan QR code with cell phone camera. propane.com/safety



